

Features/Benefits Comparison

Cooler in Summer

The total solar energy transmitted through **Solarban 60 (2)** glass is almost **50%** less than that transmitted by standard clear insulating glass.

- Lower SHGC numbers mean less summer heat
- Keeps interiors cooler
- Helps reduce cooling energy costs

Standard Clear Insulating Glass



Solarban 60 (2) Insulating Glass



Transmits Visible Light/Appearance

The **Solarban 60 (2)** window transmits almost **90%** as much desirable visible light as standard clear insulating glass.

- Provides exterior appearance similar to clear glass
- Provides glare control in bright, sunny climates

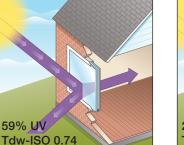


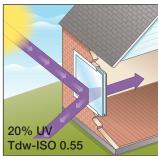


Fading Factors

While **Solarban 60 (2)** glass blocks **80%** of damaging UV energy, it also blocks other contributors to fading — in all, **26%** better than standard clear insulating glass.

• Helps protect interior furnishings, fabrics and carpets from fading





Warmer in Winter

The winter nighttime U-value (insulating value) of **Solarban 60 (2)** glass is almost **50%** better than standard clear insulating glass.

- Lower U-values mean higher performance
- Reduces heat furnace loss
- Helps reduce heating energy costs





Note: Tdw-ISO represents potential fading damage caused by both UV and visible light. It is considered by the U.S. Department of Energy and the International Standards Organization (ISO) to be a more accurate barometer of fade resistance than UV transmittance alone. All comparisons are center of glass based on an insulating unit containing 3/4" insulating units; two 1/8" (3mm) glass lights and a 1/2" (12mm) air-filled space for the standard clear insulating glass and argon gas-filled space for the Solarban[®] 60 insulating glass. Actual glass performance may differ due to glass thickness, gas fill and glass to frame ratio. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC) represents the solar heat gain through the glass relative to the incident solar radiation. It is equal to 86% of the shading coefficient.

Solar Heat Gain Coemcient (SHGC) represents the solar neat gain through the glass relative to the incident solar radiation. It is equal to 80% of the shading coemcient. Figures may vary due to manufacturing tolerances. All tabulated data are based on the National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC) methodology, using the Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory's Window 6.3 software.



PPG customers use our products to manufacture Energy Star compliant windows, doors and skylights.





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